Supplementary Training Modules on **Good Manufacturing Practice**

Validation

WHO Technical Report Series, No. 937, 2006. Annex 4.



Validation Slide 1 of 31

August 2006

- Part 1. General overview on qualification and validation
- Part 2. Qualification of HVAC and water systems
- Part 3. Cleaning validation
- Part 4. Analytical method validation
- Part 5. Computerized system validation
- Part 6. Qualification of systems and equipment
- Part 7. Non sterile product process validation



Supplementary Training Modules on Good Manufacturing Practice

Computerized systems validation Part 5

WHO Technical Report Series, No. 937, 2006. Annex 4. Appendix 5



Validation Slide 3 of 31

August 2006

Objectives

To discuss validation of computerized systems including:

- System specifications
- Functional specifications
- Security
- Back-ups
- Validation:
 - Hardware
 - Software



General

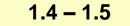
- Validated level appropriate
 - or their use and application.
- Production and quality control.
- Computer systems used in planning, specification, programming, testing, commissioning, document operation, monitoring and modifying.
- Validation: Evidence and confidence
 - intended use, accuracy, consistency and reliability.

1.1 – 1.3



General (2)

- Both the system specifications and functional specifications should be validated.
- Periodic (or continuous) evaluation should be performed after the initial validation.





• Written procedures for:

 performance monitoring, change control, programme and data security, calibration and maintenance, personnel training, emergency recovery and periodic re-evaluation

During validation, consider:

- networks
- manual back-ups
- input/output checks
- process documentation, monitoring
- alarms, and
- shutdown recovery

1.6 – 1.7



System specification (Control document)

- In place, stating:
 - objectives of a proposed computer system
 - the data to be entered and stored
 - the flow of data
 - how it interacts with other systems and procedures
 - the information to be produced
 - the limits of any variable
 - the operating programme and test programme

(Examples of each document produced by the programme should be included)

2.1



System specification (Control document) (2)

- System elements that need to be considered in computer validation include:
 - hardware (equipment)
 - software (procedures)
 - people (users)

2.2



Functional specification (Performance specification)

- Provide instructions for:
 - testing, operating, and maintaining the system
 - names of the person(s) (development and operation)
- When using computer systems, consideration:
 - location
 - power supply

(Fluctuations in the electrical supply can influence computer systems and power supply failure can result in loss of memory).

- temperature
- magnetic disturbances

3.1 – 3.2



Functional specification (Performance specification) (2)

GMP requirements for computer systems:

Verification and revalidation

- After a suitable period of running a new system
- Independently reviewed and compared with the system specification and functional specification

Change control

- Alterations made in accordance with a defined procedure
- Provision for checking, approving and implementing the change
- Checks
 - Data checked periodically
 - Confirm accurate and reliable transfer

3.2 – 3.3





Security

- Production as well as in quality control
- Data entered or amended authorized persons
- Security systems to prevent unauthorized entry or manipulation of data
- SOPs for entering data, changing or amending incorrect entries and creating back-ups
- Security procedures in writing

4.1 – 4.3



(continued)

- Traceability is of particular importance
- Audit trail:
 - identify the persons who made entries
 - identify the persons who made changes
 - identify the persons who released material
 - identify the persons who performed other critical steps in production or control

4.4



(continued)

- Entry of critical data by an authorized person
- Independent verification and release for use by a second authorized person
 - e.g. for entry of a master processing formula.
- SOPs for certain systems or processes validated
 - e.g. action in case of system failure or breakdown including disaster recovery procedure in the event of a breakdown

4.5 – 4.6



Back-ups

- Regular back-ups of all files and data
 - Secure storage (prevent intentional or accidental damage)

Validation

- Validation process should include:
 - Planning
 - Validation policy
 - Project plan and SOPs

5.1 – 6.1



Validation Slide 15 of 31

August 2006

Validation (2)

- Define computer-related systems and vendors
- Vendor and product evaluated
- System designed and constructed
 - Consider types, testing and quality assurance of the software
- Extent of qualification depends on complexity of the system

6.2



Validation (3)

Qualification includes:

- Installation
- Evaluation of the system
- Performance
- Change control, maintenance and calibration, security, contingency planning, SOPs, training, performance monitoring and periodic re-evaluation





Validation of hardware

- Appropriate tests and challenges to the hardware
- No influence of static, dust, power-feed voltage fluctuations and electromagnetic interference
- Hardware is considered to be equipment
 - focus on location, maintenance and calibration as part of the qualification

7.1.1 – 7.1.2



Validation of hardware (2)

It should prove:

- Appropriate capacity
- Operational limits
 - e.g. memory, connector ports, input ports
- Performance under worst-case conditions
 - e.g. long hours, temperature extremes
- Reproducibility/consistency
 - e.g. by performing at least three runs under different conditions

7.1.3



Validation of hardware (3)

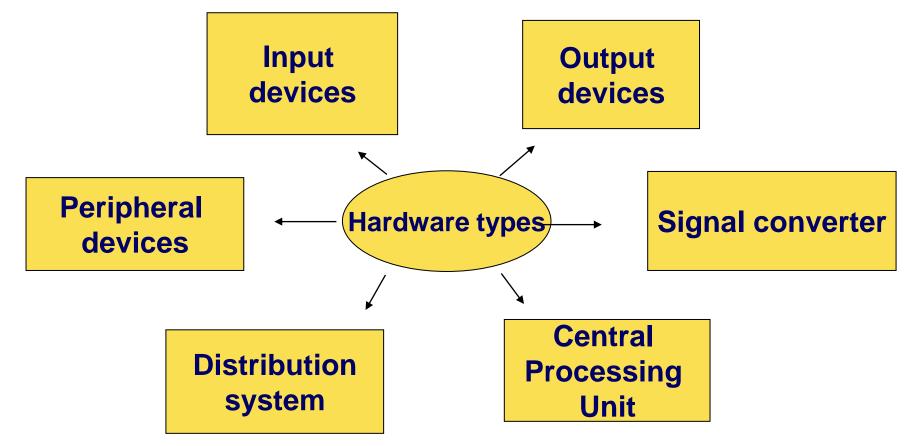
- Written qualification protocols; results in qualification reports kept
- Revalidation in case of significant changes
- Validation may be performed by the vendor but ultimate responsibility remains with the company
- If records kept by supplier, manufacturer still has to have sufficient records to allow assessment of the adequacy of the validation
- A mere certification of suitability from the vendor, for example, will be inadequate

7.1.4 – 7.1.7



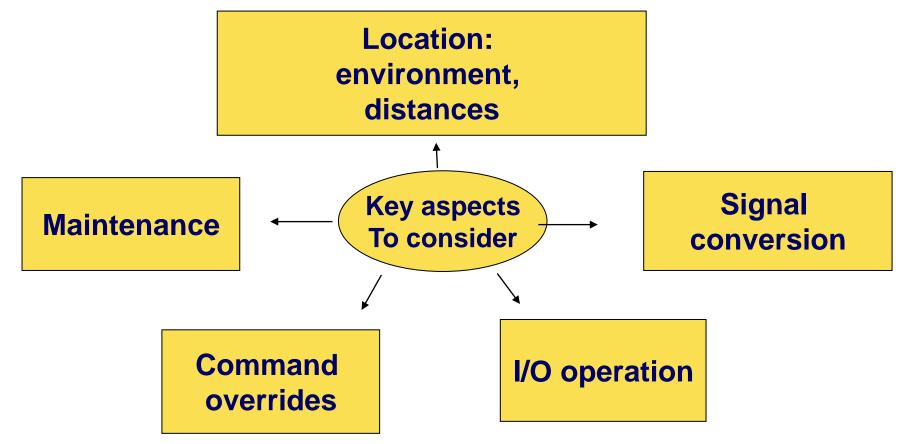


Summary: Validation requirements for <u>Hardware</u> (See table 1 in notes)



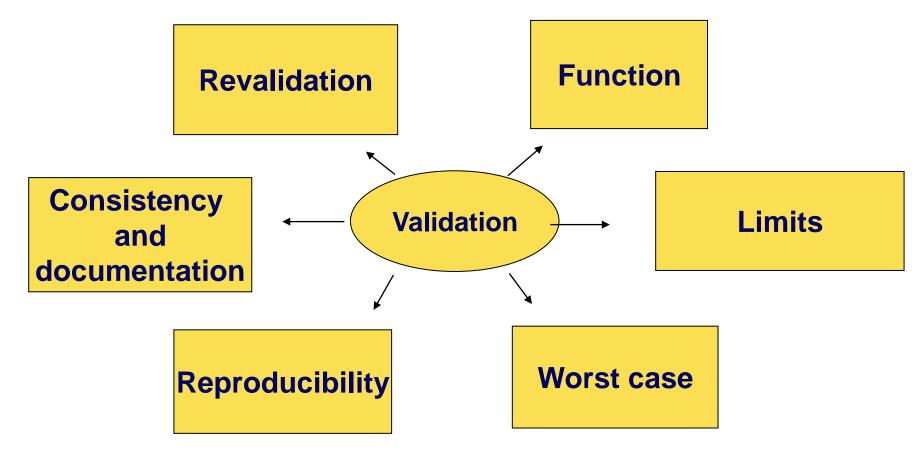


Summary: Validation requirements for Hardware (See Table 1 in notes)





Summary: Validation requirements for <u>Hardware</u> (See Table 1 in notes)





Validation of Software

Software:

- is the term used to describe the complete set of programmes used by a computer, and which should be listed in a menu
- Records are considered as software
- Focus should be placed on:
 - accuracy, security, access, retention of records, review, double checks, documentation and accuracy of reproduction

7.2.1 – 7.2.2





• Key computer programmes to be identified:

- *language, name, function (purpose of the programme)*
- input (determine inputs), output (determine outputs)
- fixed set point (process variable that cannot be changed by the operator), variable set point (entered by the operator)
- edits (reject input/output that does not conform to limits and minimize errors, e.g. four- or five-character number entry), input manipulation (and equations) and programme overrides (e.g. to stop a mixer before time)
- Identification of authorized personnel
 - to write, alter or have access to programmes

7.2.3 – 7.2.4

World Health

Organization



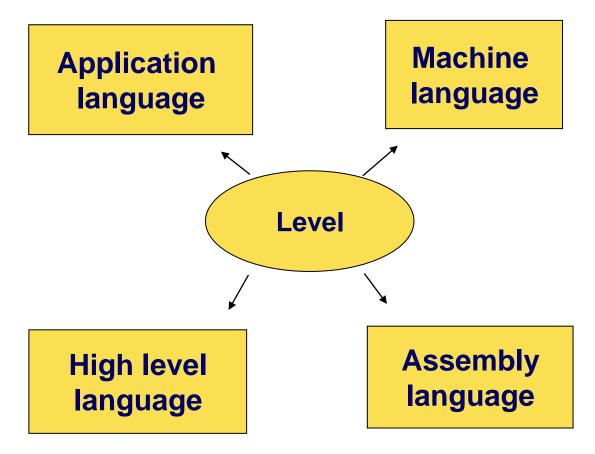
Validation of Software (2)

- Points to be considered may include:
 - Consistency in performance: Within pre-established limits)
 - Function: Matching the assigned operational function (e.g. generate batch documentation, different batches of material used in a batch listed)
 - Worst case: Validation under different conditions (e.g. speed, data volume, frequency)
 - Repeats: Sufficient number of times (e.g. replicate data entries)
 - Documentation: Protocols and reports
 - Revalidation: In case of significant changes made

7.2.5

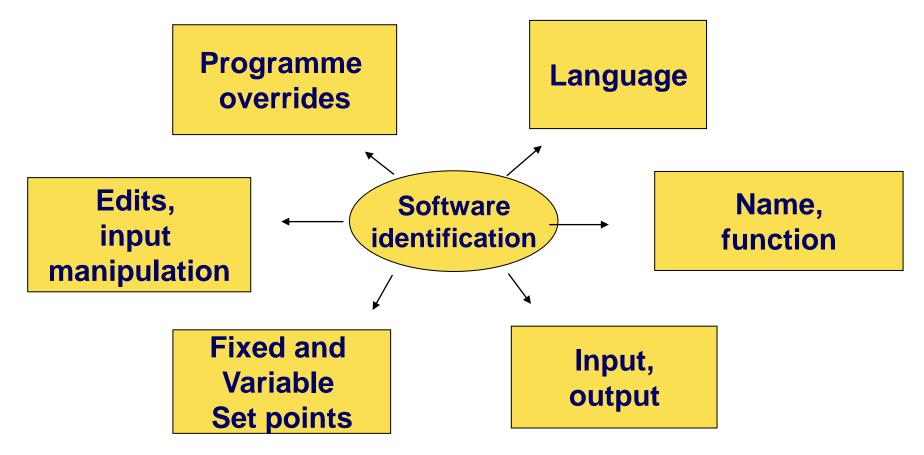


Summary: Validation requirements for Software (See Table 1 in notes)





Summary: Validation requirements for <u>Software</u> (See Table 1 in notes)

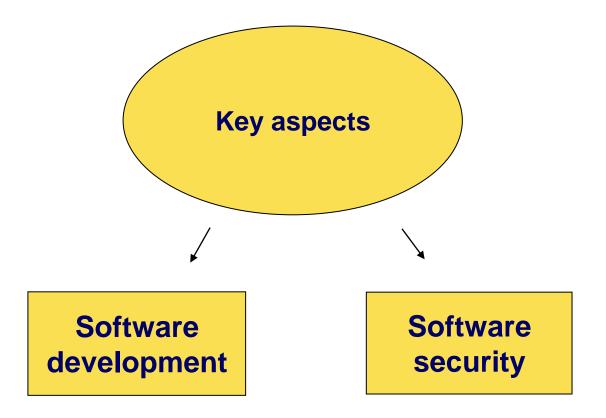




World Health

Organization

Summary: Validation requirements for Software (See Table 1 in notes)

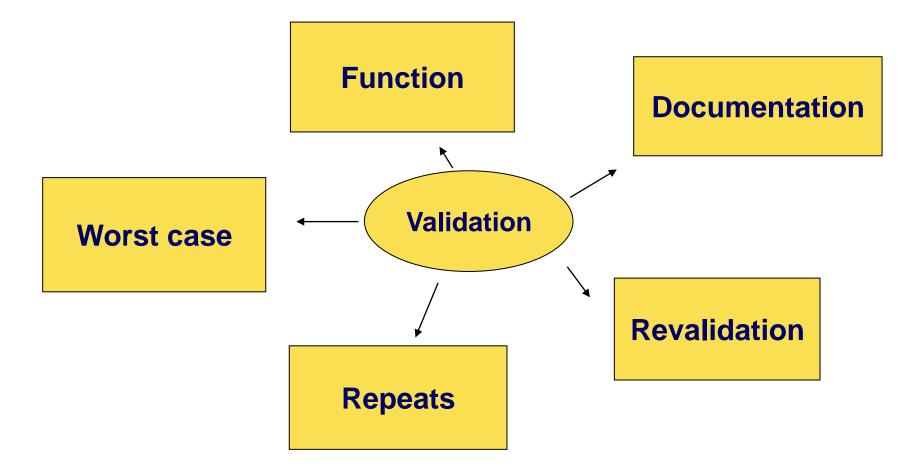




World Health

Organization

Summary: Validation requirements for Software (See Table 1 in notes)













World Health Organization